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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF ALASKA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

EXXON CORPORATION, EXXON SHIPPING COMPANY, and EXXON PIPELINE COMPANY, in personam, and the T/V EXXON VALDEZ, in rem,

Defendants.

STATE OF ALASKA,

Plaintiff,

v.

EXXON CORPORATION, and EXXON SHIPPING COMPANY,

Defendants.

Civil Action No. A91-082 CIV

Civil Action No. A91-083 CIV

AGREEMENT AND CONSENT DECREE

AGREEMENT AND CONSENT DECREE

This Agreement and Consent Decree (the "Agreement") is made and entered into by the United States of America and the State of Alaska ("State") (collectively referred to as the "Governments"), Exxon Corporation and Exxon Shipping Company ("Exxon Shipping") (collectively referred to, together with the T/V EXXON VALDEZ, as "Exxon"), and Exxon Pipeline Company ("Exxon Pipeline").

Introduction

On the night of March 23-24, 1989, the T/V EXXON VALDEZ, owned by Exxon Shipping, went aground on Bligh Reef in Prince William Sound, Alaska. As a result of the grounding, several of the vessel's cargo tanks ruptured and approximately 11 million gallons of crude oil owned by Exxon Corporation spilled into Prince William Sound (the "Oil Spill").

The State has filed an action in the Superior Court for the State of Alaska, Third Judicial District, arising from the Oil Spill, identified as State of Alaska v. Exxon Corporation, et al., Civil No. 3AN-89-6852 ("State Court Action"), and Exxon has asserted counterclaims against the State in that action.

On March 13, 1991 and March 15, 1991, respectively, the United States and the State each filed a complaint in this Court against Exxon and Exxon Pipeline, asserting civil claims relating to or arising from the Oil Spill ("Federal Court Complaints").

Exxon and Exxon Pipeline have asserted counterclaims against the

United States and the State in their responses to the Federal Court Complaints.

The United States and the State represent that it is their legal position that only officials of the United States designated by the President and state officials designated by the Governors of the respective states are entitled to act on behalf of the public as trustees of Natural Resources to recover damages for injury to Natural Resources arising from the Oil Spill under Section 311(f) of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1321(f).

Exxon represents that, during the period from the Oil Spill through August, 1991, it expended in excess of \$2.1 billion for clean-up activities and reimbursements to the federal, State, and local governments for their expenses of response to the Oil Spill.

The Parties recognize that the payments called for in this Agreement are in addition to those described above, are compensatory and remedial in nature, and are made to the Governments in response to their pending or potential civil claims for damages or other civil relief against Exxon and Exxon Pipeline arising from the Oil Spill.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties agree, and it is hereby ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED as follows:

Jurisdiction

1. The Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of the claims set forth in the Federal Court Complaints and over the parties to this Agreement pursuant to, among other authorities,

28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1333 and 1345, and section 311(f) of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1321(f). This Court also has personal jurisdiction over Exxon and Exxon Pipeline, which, solely for the purposes of this Agreement, waive all objections and defenses that they may have to the jurisdiction of the Court or to venue in this District.

<u>Parties</u>

- 2. "United States" means the United States of America, in all its capacities, including all departments, divisions, independent boards, administrations, natural resource trustees, and agencies of the federal government.
- 3. "State" means the State of Alaska, in all its capacities, including all departments, divisions, independent boards, administrations, natural resource trustees, and agencies of the state government.
- 4. "Exxon" means Exxon Corporation, a New Jersey corporation, Exxon Shipping Company, a Delaware corporation, and the T/V EXXON VALDEZ, Official Number 692966 (now the T/V EXXON MEDITERRANEAN).
- 5. "Exxon Pipeline" means Exxon Pipeline Company, a Delaware corporation.

<u>Definitions</u>

- 6. Whenever the following capitalized terms are used in this Agreement, they shall have the following meanings:
 - (a) "Alyeska" means Alyeska Pipeline Service Company, a

Delaware corporation, its shareholders and owner companies, and its present and former shareholder representatives.

- (b) The "TAPL Fund" means the Trans-Alaska Pipeline
 Liability Fund, a federally chartered corporation organized and
 existing under the laws of the State of Alaska.
- (c) "Natural Resources" means land, fish, wildlife, biota, air, water, ground water, drinking water supplies, and other such resources belonging to, managed by, held in trust by, appertaining to, or otherwise controlled by the United States (including the resources of the fishery conservation zone established by the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act of 1976, 16 U.S.C. §§ 1801 et seq.), the State, or both the United States and the State.
- (d) "Natural Resource Damages" means compensatory and remedial relief recoverable by the Governments in their capacity as trustees of Natural Resources on behalf of the public for injury to, destruction of, or loss of any and all Natural Resources resulting from the Oil Spill, whether under the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1251, et seq., the Trans-Alaska Pipeline Authorization Act, 43 U.S.C. §§ 1651, et seq., or any federal or state statute or maritime or common law relating to the environment, including (1) costs of damage assessment, (2) compensation for loss, injury, impairment, damage or destruction of Natural Resources, whether temporary or permanent, or for loss of use value, non-use value, option value, amenity value, bequest value, existence value, consumer surplus, economic rent, or any

similar value of Natural Resources, and (3) costs of restoration, rehabilitation or replacement of injured Natural Resources or the acquisition of equivalent resources.

- (e) "Party" or "Parties" means Exxon, Exxon Pipeline, the United States, and the State, or any of them.
- (f) "Trustees" means the Secretaries of the U.S.

 Departments of Agriculture and the Interior, the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, U.S.

 Department of Commerce, the Alaska Attorney General, and the Commissioners of the Alaska Departments of Environmental Conservation and Fish and Game.
- (g) The "Oil Spill" means the occurrence described in the first paragraph of the Introduction above, and all consequences proximately caused by or arising from the Oil Spill, including, without limitation, response, cleanup, damage assessment and restoration activities.
- (h) "Effective Date" shall mean the earliest date on which all Parties have signed this Agreement.
- (i) "Final Approval" shall mean the earliest date on which all of the following have occurred: (1) the Court has approved and entered the Agreement as a judgment, without modification and without interpreting a material term of the Agreement, prior to or at the time of approval, in a manner inconsistent with the Parties' intentions; and (2) the time for appeal from that judgment has expired without the filing of an appeal, or the judgment has been upheld on appeal and either the

time for further appeal has expired without the filing of a further appeal or no further appeal is allowed.

Effect of Entry of Decree by Court

7. Upon approval and entry of this Agreement by the District Court, this Agreement and Consent Decree shall constitute a final judgment between the Governments and Exxon and Exxon Pipeline in accordance with its terms.

Payment Terms

- 8. Exxon shall pay to the Governments pursuant to this Agreement a total of \$900 million, discharged as follows:
- (a) Exxon shall pay, within 10 days after the Effective Date, \$90,000,000.
- (b) Exxon shall pay on December 1, 1992 the amount determined by the following formula:

amount payable = \$150,000,000 minus X, where
"X" equals Exxon's expenditures for work done from
January 1, 1991 through March 12, 1991, in
preparation for and conduct of clean-up of the Oil
Spill in accordance with directions of the Federal
On-Scene Coordinator, up to a maximum of \$4,000,000,
plus Expenditures made by Exxon for clean-up work
after March 12, 1991 in accordance with Paragraph
11; provided that all such Expenditures shall be
subject to audit by the Governments.

(c) Exxon shall pay each of the amounts specified in the following schedule by the dates set forth in that schedule:

September 1, 1993 \$100,000,000 September 1, 1994 \$ 70,000,000 September 1, 1995 \$ 70,000,000 September 1, 1996 \$ 70,000,000 September 1, 1997 \$ 70,000,000 September 1, 1998 \$ 70,000,000 September 1, 1999 \$ 70,000,000 September 1, 2000 \$ 70,000,000 September 1, 2001 \$ 70,000,000

- (d) The payments required by this paragraph shall be made as directed jointly in writing, not less than 5 business days before the due date, by the Assistant Attorney General, Environment & Natural Resources Division, United States

 Department of Justice, and the Attorney General, State of Alaska.
- 9. If Final Approval has not occurred by the date a payment required under Paragraph 8 is due, Exxon shall, on or before that date, deposit the amount of the payment into an interest-bearing trust account (the "Escrow") in a federally chartered bank ("Escrow Agent)". The Escrow agreement between Exxon and the Escrow Agent shall provide that the Escrow Agent shall submit to the jurisdiction and venue of the United States District Court for the District of Alaska in connection with any litigation arising out of that Escrow agreement. Exxon shall notify the Governments promptly in writing of any deposit of a payment due under this Agreement into the Escrow. Upon Final Approval and within five (5) business days of receipt of written instructions as to payment signed jointly by the Assistant Attorney General, Environment & Natural Resources Division, United States Department of Justice, and the Attorney General, State of Alaska, Exxon shall require that a sum be paid to the Governments equal

to all amounts required to be paid into the Escrow pursuant to this paragraph together with an amount calculated by applying to each deposit a rate equal to the average daily yield on threemonth Treasury Bills in effect while the funds are on deposit. "The average daily yield on three-month Treasury Bills" means the arithmetic mean of the three-month Treasury Bill rates, as quoted in the H.15 (519) weekly release published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System under the caption "U.S. Government Securities/Treasury Bills/Secondary Market," multiplied by the actual number of days of such deposit divided by 360. For the purposes of calculating such arithmetic mean, each Saturday, Sunday and holiday shall be deemed to have a rate equal to the rate for the immediately preceding business day. the earnings accrued on the Escrow are insufficient to make the payment to Governments required by this paragraph and to pay the reasonable fees and expenses of the Escrow Agent, Exxon shall pay the difference so that such amounts will be paid in full. amount shall be disbursed from the Escrow for any reason, except to make the payment required by this paragraph or to pay reasonable fees and expenses of the Escrow Agent and, after the foregoing payments, to close out the Escrow, unless any Party terminates the Agreement pursuant to Paragraph 37. Agreement is terminated, all sums in the Escrow shall be returned to Exxon.

10. As agreed to between the Governments, without any consultation with or participation by Exxon or Exxon Pipeline,

the amounts paid under Paragraphs 8 or 9 shall be applied by the Governments solely for the following purposes: (1) to reimburse the United States and the State for response and clean-up costs incurred by either of them on or before December 31, 1990 in connection with the Oil Spill; (2) to reimburse the United States and the State for natural resource damages assessment costs (including costs of injury studies, economic damages studies, and restoration planning) incurred by either of them on or before March 12, 1991 in connection with the Oil Spill; (3) to reimburse the State for attorneys fees, experts' fees, and other costs (collectively, "Litigation Costs") incurred by it on or before March 12, 1991 in connection with litigation arising from the Oil Spill; (4) to reimburse the United States and the State for response and clean-up costs incurred by either of them after December 31, 1990 in connection with the Oil Spill; and (5) to reimburse or pay costs incurred by the United States or the State or both after March 12, 1991 to assess injury resulting from the Oil Spill and to plan, implement, and monitor the restoration, rehabilitation, or replacement of Natural Resources, natural resource services, or archaeological sites and artifacts injured, lost, or destroyed as a result of the Oil Spill, or the acquisition of equivalent resources or services; and (6) to reimburse the State for reasonable Litigation Costs incurred by it after March 12, 1991. The aggregate amount allocated for United States past response and clean-up costs and damage assessment costs (under items 1 and 2 above) shall not exceed \$67

million, and the aggregate amount allocated for State past response and clean-up costs, damage assessment costs, and Litigation Costs incurred on or before March 12, 1991 (under items 1-3 above) shall not exceed \$75 million. The amounts allocated for State Litigation Costs incurred after March 12, 1991 (under item 6 above) shall not exceed \$1 million per month. The Governments represent that the monies paid by Exxon to the Governments pursuant to this Agreement will be allocated, received, held, and used in accordance with the Memorandum of Agreement and Consent Decree between the United States and the State of Alaska ("MOA"), which this Court entered on August 28, 1991, in United States v. State of Alaska, Civil Action No. A91-081 CV. This paragraph and the MOA do not create any rights in, or impose any obligations on, Exxon, Exxon Pipeline, Alyeska, or any other person or entity except the Governments.

Commitment by Exxon to Continue Clean-up

11. (a) Exxon shall continue clean-up work relating to the Oil Spill after the Effective Date, as directed by and in accordance with the directions of the Federal On-Scene Coordinator ("FOSC"), subject to prior approval by the FOSC of the costs of work directed by the FOSC. After the Effective Date, Exxon shall also perform any additional clean-up work directed by the State On-Scene Coordinator ("State OSC") that does not interfere or affirmatively conflict with work directed by the FOSC or with federal law, in accordance with the directions of, and subject to prior approval of costs by, the

State OSC. If Exxon concludes that work directed by the State OSC would interfere or affirmatively conflict with work directed by the FOSC, or with federal law, it shall promptly notify the State OSC and the FOSC of the potential conflict and shall not be required to proceed with the work directed by the State OSC until the FOSC or the Court determines that there is no conflict or that any potential conflict has been eliminated, and directs Exxon how to proceed. Exxon should have no liability to any person or entity, including the Governments, by reason of undertaking clean-up work performed in accordance with directions of the FOSC or the State OSC.

(b) Upon Final Approval, Exxon shall have no further obligations with respect to clean-up of the Oil Spill except as set forth in this Agreement and in addition Exxon shall be entitled to a credit, to be applied to the next payment due from Exxon to the Governments, as provided in subparagraph 8(b), for all Expenditures incurred by Exxon for clean-up work pursuant to directions of the FOSC or the State OSC in accordance with subparagraph 11(a). As used in this paragraph, and in subparagraph 8(b) and Paragraph 12, "Expenditures" shall include, without limitation, costs and obligations incurred for salary, wages, benefits, and expenses of Exxon employees, for contractors, for equipment purchase and rental, for office and warehouse space, and for insurance, accounting, and other professional services.

- 12. If this Agreement is terminated pursuant to Paragraph 37 below, or if a final judicial determination is made that this Agreement will not be approved and entered, Exxon shall be entitled to set off against any liability it may have to either Government arising from the Oil Spill the amount of any Expenditures made by Exxon for clean-up work directed by the FOSC or the State OSC under Paragraph 11(a), if the work meets the following criteria:
- (a) if total Expenditures incurred by Exxon for cleanup after the Effective Date are \$35 million or less, Expenditures for work shall be set-off if Exxon shows both --
 - (1) that based on the information available at the time to the FOSC or State OSC who directed the work, the anticipated cost of the work was grossly disproportionate to the net environmental benefits reasonably anticipated from the work, or the work could not reasonably have been expected to result in a net environmental benefit; and
 - (2) that a reasonable time before beginning to perform the work, Exxon submitted a written objection to the work to the FOSC or State OSC who directed the work, requesting reconsideration of the work directions on one of the grounds set forth in subparagraph 12(a)(1) above; or
- (b) if total Expenditures by Exxon for clean-up after the Effective Date exceed \$35 million, Expenditures for work shall be set-off unless the Government or Governments against

which Exxon is seeking to assert the set-off provided by this paragraph show that, based on the information available at the time to the FOSC or State OSC who directed the work, the work was reasonably expected to result in a net environmental benefit, and the anticipated cost of the work was not substantially out of proportion to the net environmental benefit reasonably anticipated from the work.

Releases and Covenants Not to Sue by the Governments

13. Effective upon Final Approval, the Governments release and covenant not to sue or to file any administrative claim against Exxon with respect to any and all civil claims, including claims for Natural Resource Damages, or other civil relief of a compensatory and remedial nature which have been or may be asserted by the Governments, including without limitation any and all civil claims under all federal or state statutes and implementing regulations, common law or maritime law, that arise from, relate to, or are based on, or could in the future arise from, relate to, or be based on: (1) any of the civil claims alleged in the pending action against Exxon by the State in the State Court Action, (2) any of the civil claims asserted in the Federal Court Complaints, or (3) any other civil claims that could be asserted by either or both of the Governments against Exxon relating to or arising from the Oil Spill; provided, however, that nothing in this Agreement shall affect or impair the following:

- (a) claims by either Government to enforce this

 Agreement, including without limitation Exxon's agreement to make

 additional payments as set forth in Paragraphs 17-19;
- (b) claims by the State for tax revenues which would have been or would be collected under existing AS 43.75

 (Fisheries Business Tax) but for the Oil Spill, provided that, if the State obtains a judgment for such a claim against Exxon or Exxon Pipeline, the State will enforce against Exxon or Exxon Pipeline only that part of the judgment that would be refunded to local governments under AS 43.75.130 had the amount recovered been paid as taxes under AS 43.75;
- (c) exclusively private claims, if any, by Alaska Native Villages and individual Alaska Natives, other than claims for Natural Resource Damages, seeking damages for private harms to Native subsistence well being, community, culture, tradition and way of life resulting from the Oil Spill, including private claims for private harms to Alaska Native Villages and individual Alaska Natives resulting from the impairment, destruction, injury or loss of Natural Resources caused by the Oil Spill and any other exclusively private claims that are available to Alaska Native Villages and individual Alaska Natives; and
- (d) exclusively private claims, if any, by Alaska Native Corporations, other than claims for Natural Resource Damages, seeking damages for private harms resulting from injuries caused by the Oil Spill to lands in which a Native Corporation holds any present right, title, or interest, including private claims for

lost or diminished land values, for preservation, protection and restoration of archaeological or cultural resources and archaeological sites found on the lands described in this subparagraph, for private harms resulting from injuries to Natural Resources found on lands described in this subparagraph, for impairment of riparian or littoral rights, if any, and any other claims that are available to Alaska Native Corporations as private landowners; provided, however, that such claims shall not include any claims based upon injuries to tidelands or submerged lands.

- 14. Effective upon Final Approval, except insofar as Exxon Pipeline is liable to the Governments, or either of them, for claims relating to or arising from the Oil Spill as a result of its ownership interest in, participation in, or responsibility for Alyeska, each of the Governments provides to Exxon Pipeline covenants not to sue identical to the covenants not to sue provided to Exxon in Paragraph 13. This paragraph shall not be construed as a release or covenant not to sue given by either Government to Alyeska.
- 15. Effective upon the Effective Date, each of the Governments covenants not to sue any present or former director, officer, or employee of Exxon or Exxon Pipeline with respect to any and all civil claims, including Natural Resource Damages, or other civil remedies of a compensatory or remedial nature which have been or may be asserted by the Governments, including without limitation any and all civil claims under all federal or

state statutes and implementing regulations, common law or maritime law, that arise from, relate to, or are based on, or could in the future arise from, relate to, or be based on the Oil Spill; provided, however, that if any such present or former director, officer, or employee brings any action against the Governments, or either of them, for any claim whatsoever arising from or relating to the Oil Spill (or if an action against the Governments is pending at the time of Final Approval, and the director, officer, or employee fails to dismiss the action within 15 days of Final Approval), this covenant not to sue shall be null and void with respect to the director, officer, or employee bringing such action. In the event either Government obtains a judgment against any present or former director, officer, or employee of Exxon or Exxon Pipeline for liability relating to or arising from the Oil Spill, the Governments shall enforce the judgment only to the extent that the individual or individuals against whom the judgment was obtained are able to satisfy the judgment, without indemnification by Exxon or Exxon Pipeline, personally or through insurance policies purchased by the individual or individuals.

16. (a) Not later than 15 days after Final Approval, each of the claims asserted by the State against Exxon and Exxon Pipeline, except for the claim described in Paragraph 13(d) of this Agreement, and each of the claims asserted by Exxon or Exxon Pipeline against the State, in the State Court Action will be dismissed with prejudice and without an award of costs or

attorneys fees to any Party. Exxon, Exxon Pipeline, and the State shall enter into and execute all Stipulations of Dismissal, with prejudice, necessary to implement this subparagraph.

- (b) Not later than 15 days after Final Approval, each of the claims asserted by the United States and the State against Exxon or Exxon Pipeline in the Federal Court Complaints, except for the claim described in Paragraph 13(d) of this Agreement, each of the counterclaims asserted by Exxon and Exxon Pipeline against the United States or the State in their responses to the Federal Court Complaints, shall be dismissed with prejudice and without an award of costs or attorneys fees to any Party. Exxon, Exxon Pipeline, the United States, and the State shall enter into and execute all Stipulations of Dismissal, with prejudice, necessary to implement this subparagraph.
- (c) Each of the claims asserted by Exxon against the Governments or their officials in Exxon Shipping Company, et al. v. Lujan, et al., Civil Action No. A91-219 CIV (D. Alaska) ("Lujan") shall be dismissed with prejudice, and without an award of attorneys fees or costs to any Party, not later than 5 days after United States District Court approval of any agreement(s) between the Governments and the non-Government defendants in Lujan under which all of the non-Government defendants disclaim any right to recover Natural Resource Damages.

Reopener For Unknown Injury

17. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, between September 1, 2002, and September 1, 2006, Exxon shall pay

to the Governments such additional sums as are required for the performance of restoration projects in Prince William Sound and other areas affected by the Oil Spill to restore one or more populations, habitats, or species which, as a result of the Oil Spill, have suffered a substantial loss or substantial decline in the areas affected by the Oil Spill; provided, however, that for a restoration project to qualify for payment under this paragraph the project must meet the following requirements:

- (a) the cost of a restoration project must not be grossly disproportionate to the magnitude of the benefits anticipated from the remediation; and
- (b) the injury to the affected population, habitat, or species could not reasonably have been known nor could it reasonably have been anticipated by any Trustee from any information in the possession of or reasonably available to any Trustee on the Effective Date.
- 18. The amount to be paid by Exxon for the restoration projects referred to in Paragraph 17 shall not exceed \$100,000,000.
- 19. The Governments shall file with Exxon, 90 days before demanding any payment pursuant to Paragraph 17, detailed plans for all such restoration projects, together with a statement of all amounts they claim should be paid under Paragraph 17 and all information upon which they relied in the preparation of the restoration plan and the accompanying cost statement.

Releases and Covenants Not To Sue by Exxon and Exxon Pipeline

20. Effective upon Final Approval, Exxon and Exxon Pipeline release, and covenant not to sue or to file any administrative claim against, each of the Governments and their employees with respect to any and all claims, including without limitation claims for Natural Resource Damages and cleanup costs, under federal or state statutes and implementing regulations, common law, or maritime law, that arise from, relate to, or are based on or could in the future arise from, relate to, or be based on: (1) any of the civil claims asserted by either of them against the State in the State Court Action, (2) any civil claims asserted by Exxon or Exxon Pipeline against either Government in their responses to the Federal Court Complaints, or (3) any other civil claims that have been or could be asserted by Exxon or Exxon Pipeline against either of the Governments relating to or arising from the Oil Spill, except that nothing in this Agreement shall affect or impair the rights of Exxon and Exxon Pipeline to enforce this Agreement. This paragraph shall not be construed as a release or covenant not to sue given by Alyeska (including its shareholders and owner companies other than Exxon Pipeline) to the Governments.

Trans-Alaska Pipeline Liability Fund

21. The release in Paragraph 20 shall not be construed to bar any claim by Exxon against the TAPL Fund relating to or arising from the Oil Spill. If the TAPL Fund asserts any claims against the Governments that are based upon subrogation rights arising

from any monies paid to Exxon or Exxon Pipeline by the TAPL Fund, Exxon agrees to indemnify and hold the Governments harmless from any liability that they have to the TAPL Fund based on such claims. If the TAPL Fund asserts any claims against the Governments that are based upon subrogation rights arising from any monies paid to Alyeska by the TAPL Fund, Exxon agrees to indemnify the Governments for 20.34% of any liability that either Government has to the TAPL Fund based on such claims.

Provisions Pertaining to Alyeska

- 22. Effective upon Final Approval, the Governments release and covenant not to sue Alyeska with respect to all claims for Natural Resource Damages and with respect to all other claims for damages for injury to Natural Resources, whether asserted or not, that either may have against Alyeska relating to or arising from the Oil Spill. If Alyeska asserts claims against the Governments, or either of them, that are based upon third party contribution or subrogation rights, or any other theory of recovery over against the Governments, or either of them, arising from any liability of or settlement payment by Alyeska to Exxon or Exxon Pipeline for any claims, including without limitation Natural Resource Damages and cleanup costs, relating to or arising from the Oil Spill, Exxon shall indemnify and hold the Governments harmless from any liability that the Governments have to Alyeska based on such claims.
- 23. In order to resolve as completely as practicable all civil claims of the Governments arising from the Oil Spill

against all Exxon Defendants, including Exxon Pipeline (which has a 20.34% participation in Alyeska), and in consideration of Exxon's obligations hereunder, the Governments agree that if either recovers any amount from Alyeska for any claim of any kind relating to or arising from the Oil Spill (such as asserted in the State Court Action against Alyeska), each Government so recovering shall instruct Alyeska to pay to Exxon, and shall take other reasonable steps to ensure that Exxon receives, 20.34% of the amount due to that Government from Alyeska.

- 24. Exxon and Exxon Pipeline agree that, if Alyeska receives any amount from the Governments for any claim of any kind relating to or arising from the Oil Spill, except for an amount indemnified by Exxon under Paragraph 22 or 25, Exxon and/or Exxon Pipeline shall promptly pay to the Government against which judgment is entered 20.34% of such amount.
- 25. If Alyeska successfully asserts claims, if any, against the Governments, or either of them, that are based upon Alyeska's own damages or losses, or upon third party contribution or subrogation rights, or other theories of recovery over, arising from Alyeska's liability to persons other than Exxon or Exxon Pipeline relating to the Oil Spill, Exxon shall indemnify the Governments for any sums paid by either of them to Alyeska based on such claims; provided that the Governments shall assert in good faith all defenses the Governments may have to such claims by Alyeska, and provided further that no indemnity shall be provided under this paragraph if the Governments refuse a good

faith proposal for a monetary settlement of such claims agreed to by Exxon and Alyeska, under which Alyeska shall fully release the Governments in exchange for a payment by or other consideration from Exxon, on behalf of the Governments, to Alyeska.

Third Party Litigation

- 26. (a) Except as provided in subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, if any person or entity not a party to this Agreement ("Third Party") asserts a claim relating to or arising from the Oil Spill in any present or future litigation against Exxon or Exxon Pipeline and the Governments, or against Exxon or Exxon Pipeline and either the United States or the State, each of the sued Parties ("Sued Parties") shall be responsible for and will pay its share of liability, if any, as determined by the proportional allocation of liability contained in any final judgment in favor of such Third Party, and no Sued Party shall assert a right of contribution or indemnity against any other Sued Party. However, notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Sued Parties may assert any claim or defense against each other necessary as a matter of law to obtain an allocation of liability among the Sued Parties in a case under this paragraph. Any such actions between the Sued Parties shall be solely for the purpose of allocating liability, if any. Sued Parties shall not enforce any judgment against each other in such cases.
- (b) If any person or entity, other than the TAPL Fund or Alyeska, asserts claims against the Governments, or either of

them, that are based upon contribution or indemnity or any other theory of recovery over against the Governments arising from any liability of or payment by said person or entity to Exxon or Exxon Pipeline relating to or arising from the Oil Spill, or based upon subrogation rights arising from any monies paid to Exxon or Exxon Pipeline, Exxon shall indemnify and hold the Governments harmless from any liability that the Governments have to such person or entity based on such claims. The foregoing indemnity (i) shall not be enforceable with respect to any amount in excess of value actually received by Exxon or Exxon Pipeline, and (ii) shall be enforceable only if the Governments assert in good faith all defenses they may have to such claims.

- 27. Neither Exxon nor Exxon Pipeline shall assert any right of contribution or indemnity against either Government in any action relating to or arising from the Oil Spill where that respective Government is not a party. Neither Government shall assert any right of contribution or indemnity against Exxon or Exxon Pipeline in any action relating to or arising from the Oil Spill where Exxon and Exxon Pipeline, respectively, are not parties, except that either Government may assert against Exxon the rights to indemnification as expressly provided in Paragraphs 21, 22, and 25.
- 28. Any liability which Exxon incurs as a result of a suit by a Third Party, as described in Paragraphs 26 or 27, shall not be attributable to or serve to reduce the payments required to be

paid by Exxon pursuant to Paragraph 8 or any additional payment required under Paragraph 17.

- 29. The Parties agree that they will not tender each other to any Third Party as direct defendants in any action pursuant to Rule 14(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 30. If a Third Party, which has previously reached or hereafter reaches a settlement with Exxon, brings an action against the Governments, or either of them, the sued Government(s) shall undertake to apportion liability, if any, according to principles of comparative fault without the joinder of Exxon, and shall assert that joinder of Exxon is unnecessary to obtain the benefits of allocation of fault. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if the court rejects the sued Government(s)' efforts to obtain a proportional allocation of fault without Exxon's joinder, the sued Government(s) may institute third-party actions against Exxon solely for the purpose of obtaining allocation of fault. The Governments in such third-party actions shall not enforce any judgment against Exxon.

Interest for Late Payments

31. If any payment required by Paragraphs 8 or 9 of this Agreement is not made by the date specified in those Paragraphs, Exxon shall be liable to the Governments for interest on the overdue amount(s), from the time payment was due until full payment is made, at the rate established by the Department of the Treasury under 31 U.S.C. § 3717(a)(1) & (2). Interest on an

overdue payment shall be paid in the same manner as the payment on which it accrued.

Reservations of Rights

- 32. This Agreement does not constitute an admission of fact or law, or of any liability, by any Party to this Agreement.

 Except as expressly stated in this Agreement, each Party reserves against all persons or entitities all rights, claims, or defenses available to it relating to or arising from the Oil Spill.

 Nothing in this Agreement, however, is intended to affect legally the claims, if any, of any person or entity not a Party to this Agreement.
- 33. Nothing in this Agreement creates, nor shall it be construed as creating, any claim in favor of any person not a Party to this Agreement.
- 34. Nothing in this Agreement shall prevent or impair the Governments from providing program assistance or funding to those not signatories to this Agreement under the programs of their agencies pursuant to legislative authorization or appropriation.
- 35. Nothing in this Agreement shall affect or impair any existing contract between Exxon or Exxon Pipeline and any entity of either Government, including without limitation the agreement between Exxon and the Environmental Protection Agency dated December 21, 1990, relating to joint conduct of bioremediation studies.

Notices and Submittals

36. Whenever, under the terms of this Consent Decree, written notice is required to be given by one Party to another, it shall be directed to the individuals and addresses specified below, unless those individuals or their successors give notice of changes to the other Parties in writing.

As to the United States:

Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section
Environment and Natural Resources Division
U.S. Department of Justice
10th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20530
Attn. DOJ #90-5-1-1-3343

Chief, Admiralty and Aviation Branch Civil Division U.S. Department of Justice 601 D Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20530

General Counsel
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
Department of Commerce
14th & Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20230

As to the State of Alaska:

Attorney General State of Alaska Pouch K Juneau, Alaska 99811

Supervising Attorney
Oil Spill Litigation Section
Department of Law
1031 W. Fourth Street, Suite 200
Anchorage, Alaska 99501

As to Exxon Corporation:

Office of the Secretary Exxon Corporation 225 E. John W. Carpenter Fwy. Irving, Texas 75062-2298 General Counsel Exxon Corporation 225 E. John W. Carpenter Fwy. Irving, Texas 75062-2298

As to Exxon Shipping Company:

Office of the President Exxon Shipping Company P.O. Box 1512 Houston, Texas 77251-1512

As to Exxon Pipeline:

Office of the President Exxon Pipeline Company P.O. Box 2220 Houston, Texas 77252-2220

Election to Terminate

37. Any Party may elect to terminate this Agreement if: (1) any court of competent jurisdiction disapproves or overturns any plea agreement entered into between the United States and Exxon in United States v. Exxon Shipping Co., No. A90-015 CR (D. Alaska); (2) a final judicial determination is made by such court that this Agreement will not be approved and entered without modification; or (3) such court modifies this Agreement in a manner materially adverse to that Party, or interprets a material provision of this Agreement in a manner inconsistent with the Parties' intentions, prior to or contemporaneously with a final judicial determination approving the Agreement as modified. A Party electing to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this paragraph must do so within 10 days after an event specified in the preceding sentence, and shall immediately notify the other Parties of such election in writing by hand delivery, facsimile,

or overnight mail. Termination of this Agreement by one Party shall effect termination as to all Parties. For purposes of this paragraph, "termination" and "terminate" shall mean the cessation, as of the date of notice of such termination, of any and all rights, obligations, releases, covenants, and indemnities under this Agreement, provided, that termination shall not affect or impair Exxon's rights to obtain return of any deposits made into the Escrow pursuant to the final sentence of Paragraph 9, and provided further, that the provisions of Paragraphs 11 and 12, relating to clean-up, shall continue in effect notwithstanding any termination.

Retention of Jurisdiction

38. The Court shall retain jurisdiction of this matter for the purpose of entering such further orders, direction, or relief as may be appropriate for the construction, implementation, or enforcement of this Agreement.

Miscellaneous

- 39. This Agreement can be modified only with the express written consent of the Parties to the Agreement and the approval of the Court.
- 40. Each undersigned representative of a Party to this Agreement certifies that he or she is fully authorized to enter into the terms and conditions of this Agreement and to execute and legally bind such Party to this Agreement.

> Honorable H. Russel Holland United States District Judge District of Alaska

cc: O&J 4461

- C. Flynn (BURR)
- J. Bottini (AUSA)
- J. Clough
- D. Serdahely (BOGLE)
- R. Weddle (FAULKNER)

FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Date: 25 1991

BARRY M. HARTMAN

Acting Assistant Attorney General Environment and Natural Resources Division

U.S. Department of Justice Washington, D.C. 20530

Date: 1991. 24, 1991

STEART M. GERSON

Assistant Attorney General

Civil Division

U.S. Department of Justice Washington, D.C. 20530

FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA

Date: 5., 1 25, 1991

CHARLES E. COLE

Attorney General and Lead State Trustee

State of Alaska

Pouch K

Juneau, Alaska 99811

[Agreement and Consent Decree in <u>United States v. Exxon</u> Corporation, et al. (D. Alaska)]

Date:	WALTER J. HICKEL/ Governor State of Alaska
Date:	THOMAS L. SANSONETTI, Solicitor U.S. Department of the Interior
Date:	 ALAN CHARLES RAUL, General Counsel U.S. Department of Agriculture
Date:	 SAMUEL K. SKINNER, Secretary U.S. Department of Transportation
Date:	 THOMAS A. CAMPBELL Ceneral Counsel National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
Date:	U.S. Department of Commerce WILLIAM K. REILLY, Administrator U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

[Agreement and Consent Decree in <u>United States v. Exxon</u> Corporation, et al. (D. Alaska)]

	FOR EXACT CORPORATION
The target	
Dated: Sept 25 1991	Column J. Junce
	EDWARD J. LYNCH
	Associate General Counsel
	Exxon Corporation
1	225 E John W. Carpenter Freeway
	Irving, Texas 75062-2298
Dated: Aest. 25,1991	Xdt I Frank
Dated: 125, 179/	Janes Vyven
eat to	PATRICK LYNCH
	O'Melveny & Myers
	400 South Hope Street
	Los Argeles, CA 80071
	Marke Har Color
Dated:	your start
	JOHN F. CLOUGH HIT
	Clough & Associates
•	431 North Franklin Street, Suite 202
	Juneau, Alaska 99801
/ /	FOR EXXON SHIPPING COMPANY and T/V EXXON
	VALDEZ
9/25/9/	(lame Alle
Dated: 9/25/9/	Jarros Traca
/ /	JAMES F. NEAL
/ /	/ Neal & Harwell
	/ 2000 One Nashville Place
	/ 150 Fourth Avenue North
	Nashville, Tennessee (37219)
Dated:	Mychan
	ROSERT C. BUNDY
	Bogle & Gates
	1031 West 4th Avenue, Suite 600
	Anchorage, Alaska 99501 .
	FOR EXXON PIPELINE COMPANY
11 3 - 671	Cil in Who
Dated: 4-25-71	all fillingthing
	JOHN R. REBMAN
	Attorney for Exxon Pipeline Company
	P.O. Box 2180
	Houston, Texas 77252-2180
	I ATT Street
Dated:	Mandal / Whilele
	KANDALL J. WEDDLE
	Faulkner, Banfield, Doogan & Holmes
	550 West 7th Avenue, Suite 1000
	Anchorage, Alaska 99501





FILED

OCT 09 1991
VITED STATES DISTRICT COLDISTRICT OF ALASKA

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF ALASKA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

ν.

No. A91-082 Civil

EXXON CORPORATION, et al., in personam, and the T/V EXXON VALDEZ, in rem,

Defendants.

JUDGMENT

Judgment is hereby rendered in this action on the	terms a	and
conditions set forth in the Agreement and Consent Decree e		
an order of the Court on the 8 day of Oct	, 199	91.
ENTERED this day of, 1991.	•	

cc: O&J 4463

BURR

U.S.A.

CLOUGH

BOGLE

FAULKNER

United States District Judge

JUDGMENT - 1

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DISTRICT OF MASIA

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF ALASKA

STATE OF ALASKA,	}
Plaintiff,) No. A91-083 Civil
v.) NO. A91-083 CIVII
EXXON CORPORATION, et al.,)
Defendants,))
JUNGI	MENT
Judgment is hereby rendered	in this action on the terms and
conditions set forth in the Agreem	ment and Consent Decree entered as
an order of the Court on the	

United States District Judge

cc: O & J 4464

B. Herman (AAC-200)

W. Bankston (BANKSTON)

D. Serdahely (BOGLE)

J. Clough, III

ENTERED this 8 day of

JUDGMENT - 1